## ST EDWARD'S OXFORD



# 13+ ENTRANCE EXAMINATION 

 2011
## MATHEMATICS

1 hour

Name: $\qquad$

There are 60 marks available.
Calculators are NOT allowed.
Write all answers, including your workings, in this booklet.
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1. You can buy a new calculator for $£ 1.25$

In 1979 the same type of calculator cost 22 times as much as it costs now.
How much did the same type of calculator cost in 1979 ?
Show your working.

2. The diagram shows four different sized barrels.


Write the missing fractions as simply as possible. The first one is done for you.
Barrel C holds ................. of the amount barrel B holds.
Barrel D holds $\qquad$ of the amount barrel B holds.

Barrel C holds $\qquad$ of the amount barrel A holds.

Barrel B holds $\qquad$ of the amount barrel $\mathbf{A}$ holds.
3. Here is a list of numbers:
-7
-5
-3
$-1$
0
2
4
6

You can choose some of the numbers from the list and add them to find their total.

For example, $\quad 6 . .+\quad-1=5$
(a) What is the total of all eight of the numbers on the list?
(b) Choose the three numbers from the list which have the lowest possible total.

Write the three numbers and their total. You must not use the same number more than once.

2 marks
4. Complete the statements below.

5. Write each expression in its simplest form.

$$
7+2 t+3 t
$$

$$
b+7+2 b+10
$$

$$
(3 d+5)+(d-2)
$$

$\qquad$

$$
3 m-(-m)
$$

6. (a) The diagram shows a rectangle 18 cm long and 14 cm wide.

It has been split into four smaller rectangles.
Write the area of each small rectangle on the diagram. One has been done for you.


What is the area of the whole rectangle?
$\qquad$
(b) The diagram shows a rectangle $(n+3) \mathrm{cm}$ long and $(n+2) \mathrm{cm}$ wide.

It has been split into four smaller rectangles.
Write a number or an expression for the area of each small rectangle on the diagram.

One has been done for you.


What is $(n+3)(n+2)$ multiplied out?

$$
(n+3)(n+2)=\text {................................................ }
$$

7. The diagram shows triangle PQR .

Work out the sizes of angles $a, b$ and $c$


3 marks
8. The scatter graph shows 15 pupils' coursework and test marks.

To find a pupil's total mark, you add the coursework mark to the test mark.

(a) Which pupil had the highest total mark?
$\qquad$
(b) Look at the statement:

The range of coursework marks was greater than the range of test marks.

[^0]

Explain your answer.

1 mark
(c) Pupils with total marks in the shaded region on the graph win a prize.


What is the smallest total mark needed to win a prize? $\qquad$
1 mark
9. Mark and Kate each buy a family pack of crisps. Each family pack contains ten bags of crisps. The table shows how many bags of each flavour are in each family pack.

| flavour | number of bags |
| :---: | :---: |
| Ready salted | 5 |
| Salt \& vinegar | 2 |
| Roast chicken | 2 |
| Cheese \& onion | 1 |

(a) Mark is going to take a bag of crisps at random from his family pack. Complete these sentences.

The probability that the flavour will be $\qquad$ is $\frac{1}{2}$

The probability that the flavour will be cheese $\&$ onion is $\qquad$
(b) Kate ate two bags of ready salted crisps from her family pack of 10 bags. Now she is going to take a bag at random from the bags that are left. What is the probability that the flavour will be cheese $\&$ onion?
(c) A shop sells 12 bags of crisps in a large pack. I am going to take a bag at random from the large pack. The table below shows the probability of getting each flavour. Use the probabilities to work out how many bags of each flavour are in this large pack.

| flavour | probability | number of bags |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ready salted | $\frac{7}{12}$ |  |
| Salt \& vinegar | $\frac{1}{4}$ |  |
| Roast chicken | $\frac{1}{6}$ |  |
| Cheese \& onion | 0 |  |

10. The line on the graph below represents a speed of $60 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hour}$.

(a) Draw a line on the graph to represent a speed of $30 \mathrm{~km} /$ hour.

Label the line by writing $30 \mathrm{~km} /$ hour.
(b) Now draw a line on the graph to represent a speed of $120 \mathrm{~km} /$ hour.

Label the line by writing $120 \mathrm{~km} /$ hour.
11. (a) Put these values in order of size with the smallest first.

| $5^{2}$ | $3^{2}$ | $3^{3}$ | $2^{4}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ............ <br> smallest | $\ldots . . . . . . . .$. | $\ldots . . . . . . . . . . . ~$ | ............. |
| largest |  |  |  |

(b) Look at this information.
$\square$
What is $5^{7}$ ?
$\qquad$
12. (a) Add $\frac{6}{10}$ and $\frac{6}{5}$

Now use an arrow ( $\boldsymbol{\downarrow}$ ) to show the result on the number line.


1 mark
(b) How many sixths are there in $3 \frac{1}{3}$ ?
(c) Work out $3 \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{4}{5}$

Give your answer as a mixed number. Show your working.
13. Solve these equations. Show your working.
a) $8 k-1=15$
$\qquad$
1 mark
b) $2 m+5=10$
$m=$
1 mark
c) $3 t+4=t+13$
$t=$
2 marks
14. The table shows a recipe for a fruit drink.

| Type of juice | Amount |
| :---: | :---: |
| Orange | $\frac{1}{2}$ litre |
| Cranberry | $\frac{1}{3}$ litre |
| Grape | $\frac{1}{6}$ litre |

I want to make $\mathbf{1} \frac{\mathbf{1}}{\mathbf{2}}$ litres of the same drink.
Complete the table below to show how much of each type of juice to use.
Show your working.

| Type of juice | Amount |
| :---: | ---: |
| Orange | litre |
| Cranberry | litre |
| Grape | litre |
|  | Total $1 \frac{1}{2}$ litres |

15. (a) For each sequence below, tick $(\checkmark)$ the correct box to show if it is increasing, decreasing or neither.
increasing decreasing neither

| $\frac{1}{2}$ | $\frac{1}{3}$ | $\frac{1}{4}$ | $\frac{1}{5}$ | $\square$ | $\square$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\frac{6}{13}$ | $\frac{7}{12}$ | $\frac{8}{11}$ | $\frac{9}{10}$ | $\square$ | $\square$ |
| $\frac{1}{2}$ | $\frac{2}{4}$ | $\frac{3}{6}$ | $\frac{4}{8}$ | $\square$ | $\square$ |
| $\frac{3}{2}$ | $\frac{4}{3}$ | $\frac{5}{4}$ | $\frac{6}{5}$ | $\square$ | $\square$ |

(b) A different sequence has this expression for the nth term:

$$
\frac{1}{(n+1)^{2}}
$$

Work out the first four terms in the sequence.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
16. (a) Find the values of $a$ and $b$ when $p=10$

$$
a=\frac{3 p^{3}}{2}
$$

$\qquad$

$$
b=\frac{2 p^{2}(p-3)}{7 p}
$$

$$
b=
$$

(b) Simplify this expression as fully as possible:
$\frac{3 c d^{2}}{5 c d}$
(c) Multiply out and simplify this expression:

$$
3(x-2)-2(4-3 x)
$$

17. (a) What is the area of this triangle?
$\qquad$ $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$


NOT TO SCALE
1 mark
(b) What is the volume of this prism?

You must show each step in your working.


NOT TO SCALE
(c) Prisms A and B have the same cross-sectional area.


NOT TO SCALE

Complete the table:

|  | Prism A | Prism B |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| height | 5 cm | 3 cm |
| volume | $200 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ | $\ldots . . . . . . . . . . . \mathrm{cm}^{3}$ |

1 mark
18. I have two fair 4 -sided dice.

One dice is numbered $2,4,6$ and 8
The other is numbered 2, 3, 4 and 5

I throw both dice and add the scores.
What is the probability that the total is even?
You must show working to explain your answer.


[^0]:    Tick ( ) True or False.

